

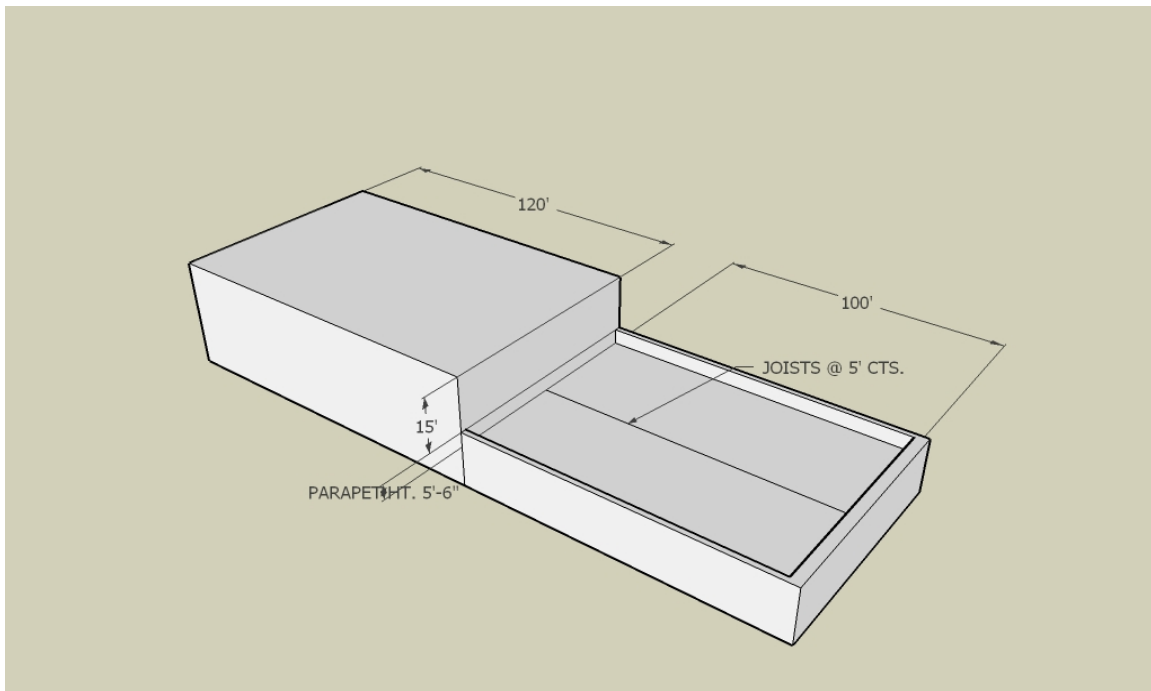
SNOW LOAD PROBLEM 2008

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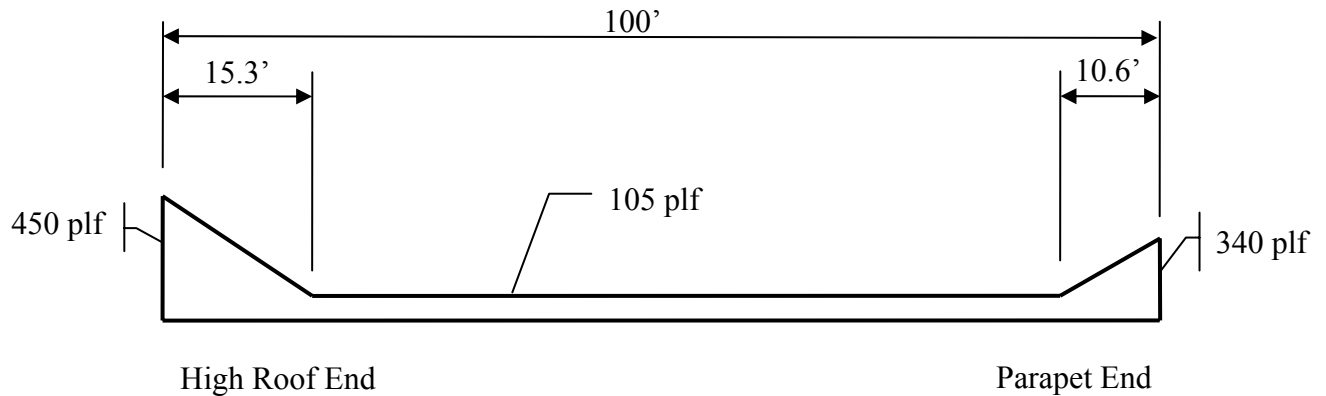
- Single story heated industrial building, configuration as shown below.
- Flat roof (sloped at 1/4 inch per foot)
- The building is located in a suburban area of Madison, Wisconsin.

DETERMINE

- Snow load diagram for joist centered in lower roof as indicated.



SOLUTION



1. Ground Snow Load

$p_g = 30$ psf (Figure 7-1, Madison, Wisconsin).

2. Exposure Factor

Terrain Category B (suburban area) and Partially Exposed Roof
 $C_e = 1.0$ (Table 7-2).

3. Thermal Factor

Heated/insulated structure
 $C_t = 1.0$ (Table 7-3).

4. Importance Factor

$I = 1.0$ (Table 7-4 Category II).

5. Flat Roof Snow Load (Section 7.3)

$$p_f = 0.7 C_e C_t I p_g \quad (\text{Eq. 7-1})$$

$$= 0.7 \times 1.0 \times 1.0 \times 1.0 \times 30 \text{ psf} = 21 \text{ psf}$$

6. Drift on Lower Roof (Section 7.7)

Drift Height is Larger of Windward and Leeward Drifts (Figure 7-7)

$$\text{Leeward Drift Height, } h_d = 0.43(l_u)^{1/3}(p_g + 10)^{1/4} - 1.5 \quad (\text{Figure 7-9})$$

$$= 0.43(120)^{1/3}(30 + 10)^{1/4} - 1.5 = 3.83 \text{ ft.} \quad \text{Controls}$$

$$\text{Windward Drift Height} = 0.75 \times h_d \text{ per Figure 7-9}$$

$$= 0.75[0.43(l_u)^{1/3}(p_g + 10)^{1/4} - 1.5]$$

$$= 0.75[0.43(100)^{1/3}(30 + 10)^{1/4} - 1.5] = 2.64 \text{ ft.}$$

$$\text{Drift Width, } w = 4 \times h_d \text{ (} h_d \text{ less than } h_c \text{ - Figure 7-8)}$$

$$= 4 \times 3.83 \text{ ft} = 15.3 \text{ ft.}$$

$$\text{Snow Density, } \gamma = 0.13p_g + 14 = 0.13(30) + 14 = 17.9 \text{ pcf}$$

$$\text{Maximum Drift Surcharge Load, } p_d = h_d \gamma$$

$$= 3.83 \text{ ft} \times 17.9 \text{ pcf} = 69 \text{ psf}$$

$$\text{Height of Flat Roof Snow, } h_b = p_f / \gamma = 21 \text{ psf} / 17.9 \text{ pcf} = 1.17 \text{ ft.}$$

7. Drift at Roof Projection / Parapet (Section 7.8)

Drift Height = $0.75 \times h_d$ per Fig. 7-9 with $l_u =$ to length of roof upwind of parapet.

$$= 0.75[0.43(100)^{1/3}(30 + 10)^{1/4} - 1.5] = 2.64 \text{ ft.}$$

Total Snow Height at Drift = $h_b + \text{Drift}$

$$= 1.17 \text{ ft} + 2.64 \text{ ft} = 3.81 \text{ ft.} < 5.5 \text{ ft. (Parapet Ht.)}$$

Drift Width, $w = 4 \times \text{Drift Height} = 4 \times 2.64 \text{ ft} = 10.6 \text{ ft.}$

Maximum Drift Surcharge Load = $2.64 \text{ ft} \times 17.9 \text{ pcf} = 47 \text{ psf.}$

8. Joist Loads

Joists @ 5'-0" Cts.

Uniform Snow Load Not At Drift = $21 \text{ psf} \times 5 \text{ ft} = 105 \text{ plf}$

Maximum Drifting Snow Load at Parapet = $(21 \text{ psf} + 47 \text{ psf}) 5 \text{ ft} = 340 \text{ plf}$

Maximum Snow Load at High Roof End = $(21 \text{ psf} + 69 \text{ psf}) 5 \text{ ft} = 450 \text{ plf}$